

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATIONProduct Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Concrete Cloth

Intended Use of the Product

Concrete Cloth is used for erosion protection of ditches and slopes.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Milliken Infrastructure Solutions, LLC

920 Milliken Road

Spartanburg, SC 29304

1-864-503-1940 (M-F, 8-5, EST)

concretecloth@milliken.comconcretecloth.milliken.com

Manufacturer

Milliken Infrastructure Solutions, LLC

1300 4th Avenue

LaGrange, GA 30240

1-864-503-1940 (M-F, 8-5, EST)

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONClassification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling
 P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection
 P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Other Hazards

Other Hazards: Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

In contact with water and alkaline solution occurs (pH 11 - 11.5). The concrete mix reacts chemically and hardens when mixed with water. The reaction is exothermic resulting in a temperature rise. In large quantities the temperature may increase enough to cause a risk of burns.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Substances

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Cement, alumina, chemicals	(CAS No) 65997-16-2	71 - 90	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Polyvinyl chloride	(CAS No) 9002-86-2	1.9 - 5.4	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURESDescription of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

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Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: The chronic effects of this substance are unknown.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Under fire conditions, decomposition may produce hazardous fumes.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Advice for Firefighters

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Smoke. Irritating fumes. Toxic fumes are released. Acetaldehyde. Hydrogen chloride. Phosgene.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Recover the spillage in a dry state if possible. Minimize generation of airborne dust. The product can be slurred by the addition of water but will subsequently set as a hard material. Keep children away from the clean-up operation.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Polyvinylchloride (PVC) dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Cement may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Exposure of sufficient duration to wet cement, or to dry cement on moist areas of the body, can cause serious, potentially irreversible damage to skin, eye, respiratory and digestive tracts due to chemical (caustic) burns, including third degree burns. A skin exposure may be hazardous even if there is no pain or discomfort. Cement is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Irritant dermatitis is caused by the physical properties of cement including alkalinity and abrasion. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in cement. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to the first contact with cement. Others may develop allergic dermatitis after years of repeated contact with cement.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: The material should be stored in an environment that is water-proof, clean and protected from contamination, dry (internal condensation minimized). Packaged products must be stored in unopened bags, clear of the ground in cool dry conditions and protected from excessive draught.

Incompatible Materials: Contact with water or water vapor during storage will hydrate the product and affect its performance.

Specific End Use(s) Concrete Cloth is used for erosion protection of ditches and slopes.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Concrete Cloth		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ respirable
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ total
Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Avoid dust production. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective goggles. Gloves. Dust formation: dust mask.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

Consumer Exposure Controls: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Not available
Odor	: Not available
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Wet Cement: 11-11.5 (10% in water)
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	: Not available
Melting Point	: Not available
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: Not available
Flash Point	: Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Relative Density	: Not available
Specific Gravity	: Not available
Solubility	: Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Fluorine.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Smoke. Toxic fumes are released. Hydrogen chloride. Acetaldehyde. Phosgene.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: The chronic effects of this substance are unknown.

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Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)	
IARC Group	3

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity Not classified

Persistence and Degradability

Concrete Cloth	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Concrete Cloth	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Mobility in Soil After hydration (a few hours or days in moist conditions) the product is stable in soil and in water, with negligible mobility of its constituents.

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of empty packages or surplus Concrete Canvas to a place authorized to accept builders' waste. Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- 14.1 In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
- 14.2 In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- 14.3 In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport
- 14.4 In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION


US Federal Regulations

Concrete Cloth	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Cement, alumina, chemicals (65997-16-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

US State Regulations

Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	

Canadian Regulations

Concrete Cloth	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
	
Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

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Cement, alumina, chemicals (65997-16-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date : 07/31/2014

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Milliken Infrastructure Solutions

1-855-655-6750

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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